

The Study of P14A ${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ background in nGd analysis update

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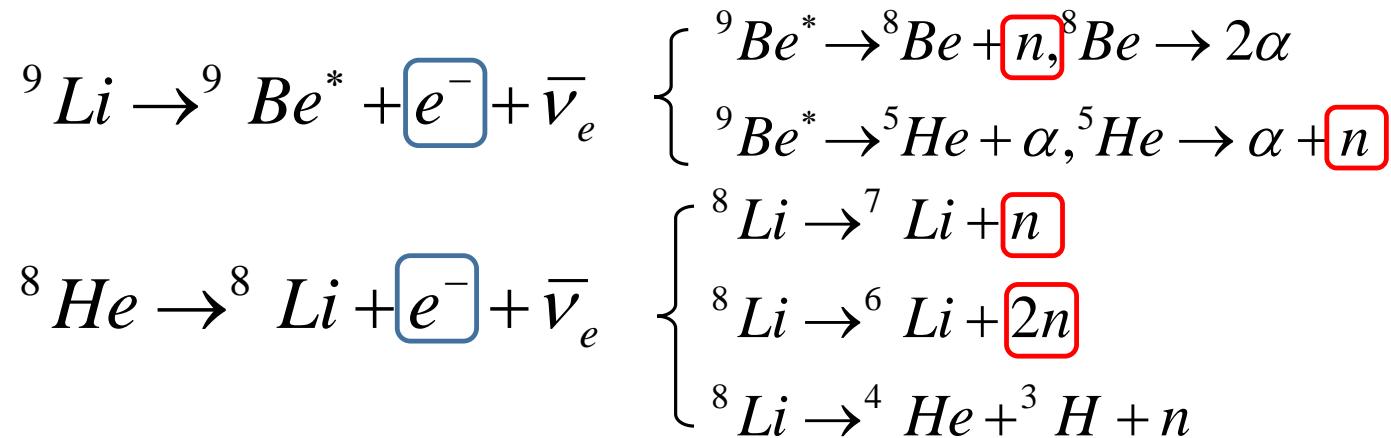
2014/11/23

Motivation and Outline

- Study ${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ backgrounds in nGd analysis.
 - A repeat of the study done by Dengjie Li (DocDB9686)
 - Estimation of ${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ background rate in nGd sample
 - Data used: P14A
- In this presentation:
 - ${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ selection
 - Efficiency correction and uncertainty
 - Final result and comparison
 - Summary
 - Diagnose

${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ background:

- **What is it ?**



- **How to estimate?**

- The method : time since last muon

Time since last muon

- **Fitting function :**

- $$f(t) = N_{Li+He} \left(R\lambda_{Li} \exp(-\lambda_{Li}t) + (1 - R)\lambda_{He} \exp(-\lambda_{He}t) \right) + N_{ibd+Acc} R_\mu \exp(-R_\mu t)$$

- $\lambda_i = R_\mu + \frac{1}{\tau_i}$, R_μ is muon rate, τ_i is isotope lifetime
- $R = N_{^9\text{Li}} / (N_{^9\text{Li}} + N_{^8\text{He}})$

Scan R from 0 to 1 with a step of 0.025 to get better fitting result.

Fitting parameters : N_{Li+He} , $N_{ibd+Acc}$, R_μ

Fitting method : Likelihood

${}^9\text{Li}/{}^8\text{He}$ selection criteria

- **Muon reduction**
- Old: there is 1.8~12.0 MeV trigger in a $(10\mu\text{s}, 200\mu\text{s})$ window after the muon.
- New: [1.8,2.8]MeV or [6,12]MeV trigger in a $(10\mu\text{s}, 200\mu\text{s})$ window after the muon.
- **Divided muon energy range**
- The First: [20,500MeV] [500,1500MeV] [1.5,2.5GeV] [2.5,3.5GeV] [3.5,4.5GeV] [4.5, ∞]
- The Second: [20,1000MeV] [1000,2500MeV] [2500MeV, ∞]
- **Event selection criteria**
- multiplicity cut : no $E > 0.7$ MeV trigger neither $200\mu\text{s}$ before the prompt signal nor $200\mu\text{s}$ after the delayed signal
- $3.5\text{MeV} < E_p < 12.0\text{MeV}$
- $6.0\text{MeV} < E_n < 12.0\text{MeV}$
- $1\mu\text{s} < \Delta t < 100\mu\text{s}$
- delayed signal's trigger time to last WpMuon $> 600 \mu\text{s}$,
to last ADMuon $> 1\text{ms}$,
to last ADShowerMuon $> 1\text{ms}$

What is updated

- Muon reduction changed:
 - Old: there is 1.8~12.0 MeV trigger in a (10 μ s, 200 μ s) window after the muon.
 - New: [1.8, 2.8]MeV or [6, 12]MeV trigger in a (10 μ s, 200 μ s) window after the muon.
- Do some try:
 - Divided muon energy range: [20, 1000MeV] [1000, 2500MeV] [2500MeV, ∞]
 - Fitting function adds the distribution of $^{12}\text{B} \sim 29\text{ms}$
 - $f(t) = N_{Li+He}(R\lambda_{Li}\exp(-\lambda_{Li}t) + (1 - R)\lambda_{He}\exp(-\lambda_{He}t)) + N_{ibd+Acc}R_\mu\exp(-R_\mu t) + N_B\lambda_B\exp(-\lambda_B t)$

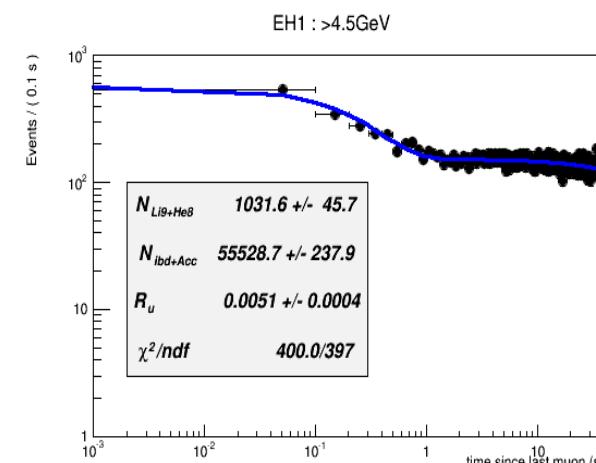
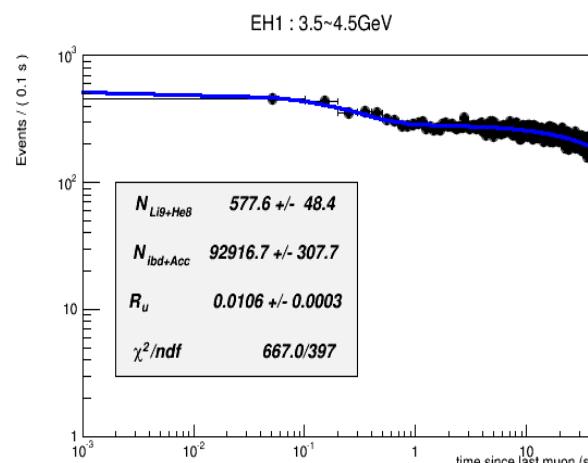
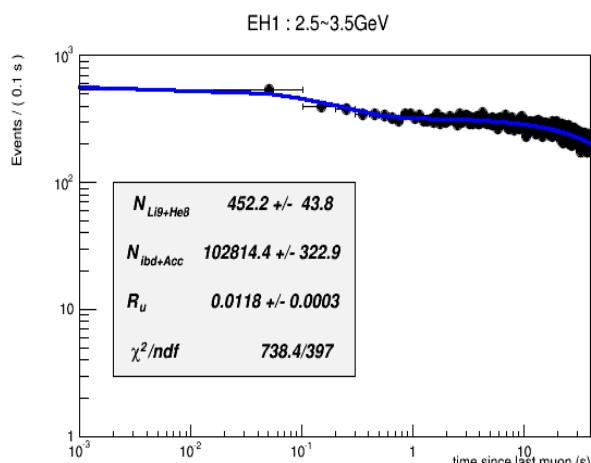
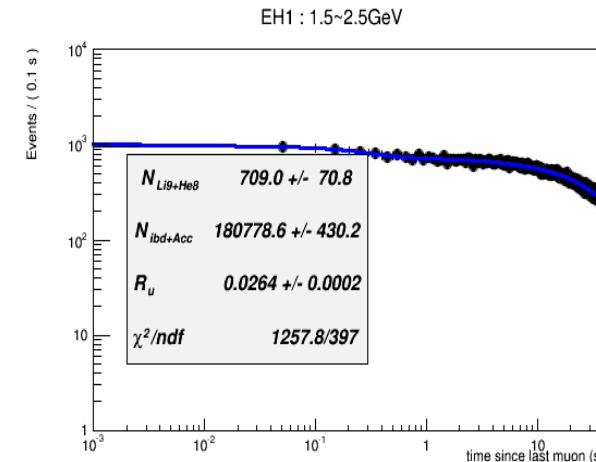
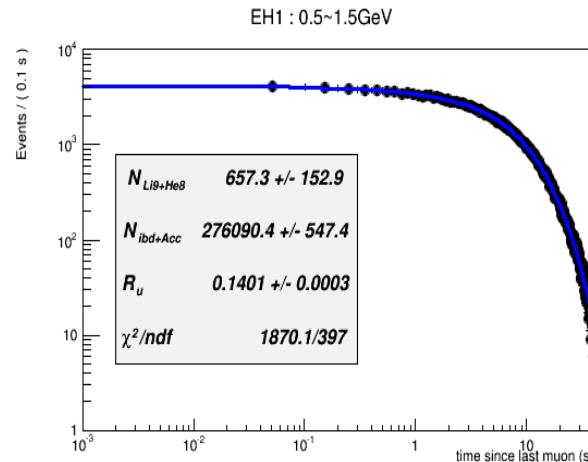
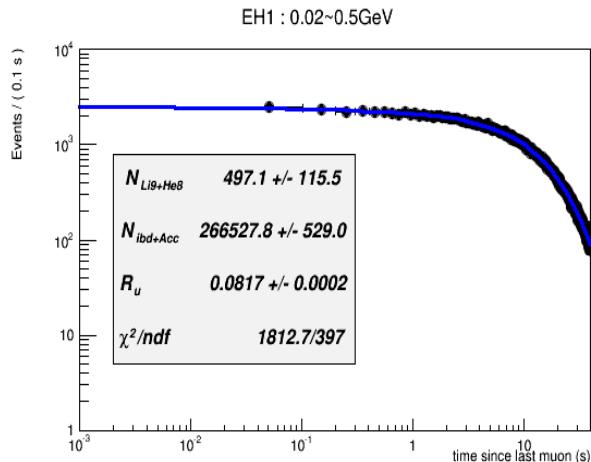
methods and comparison

	muon reduction	fitting information	muon energy slices
method1(DocDB10075)	[1.8,12]MeV	Roofit [0.001,40]s Fitting function without ^{12}B	6
method2	[1.8,2.8]MeV or [6,12]MeV	Roofit [0.001,40]s fitting function without ^{12}B	6
method3	[1.8,2.8]MeV or [6,12]MeV	Fit [0.01,40]s fitting function with ^{12}B	6
method4	[1.8,2.8]MeV or [6,12]MeV	Fit [0.01,40]s fitting function with ^{12}B	3

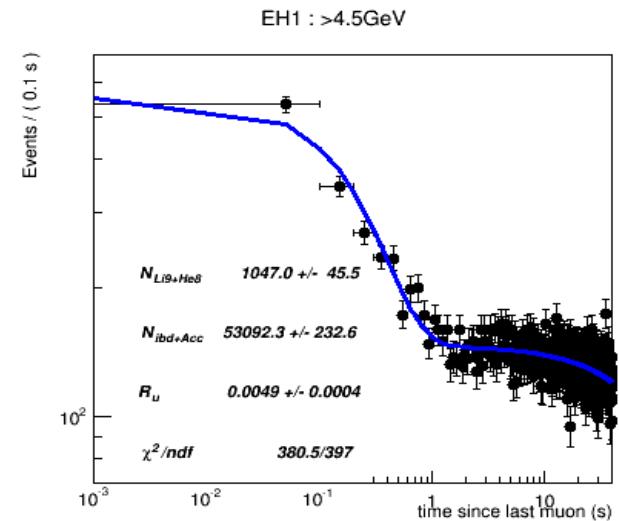
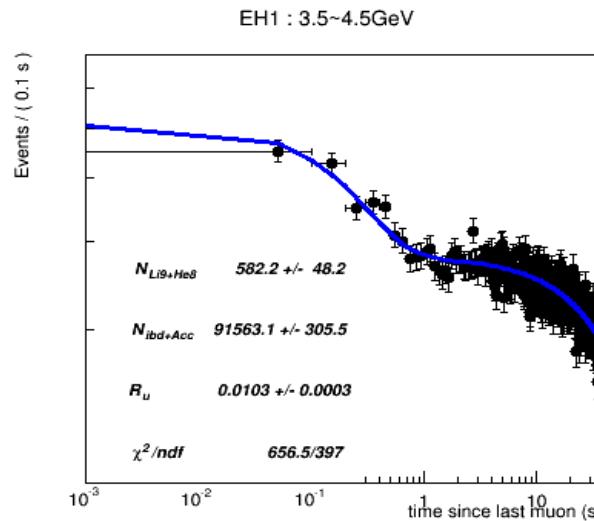
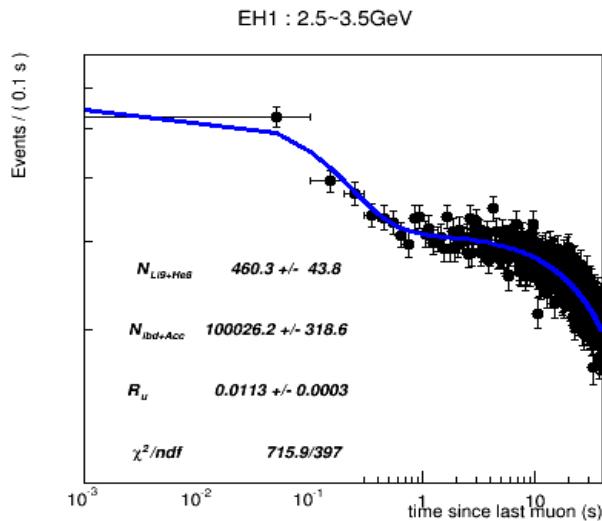
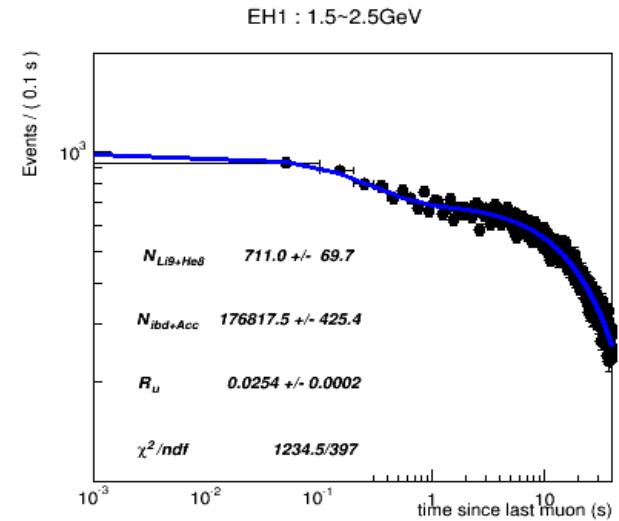
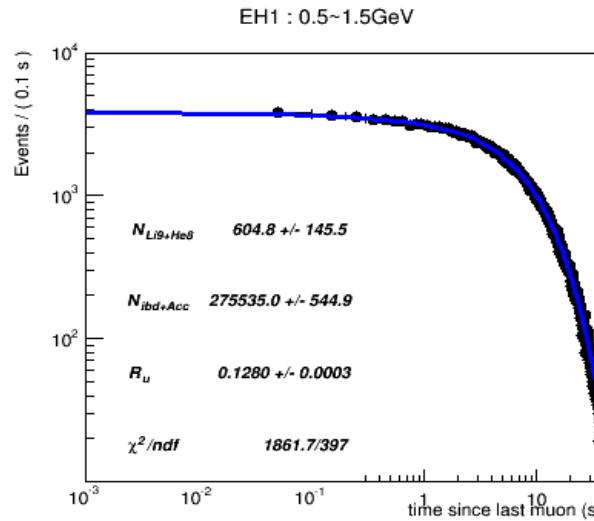
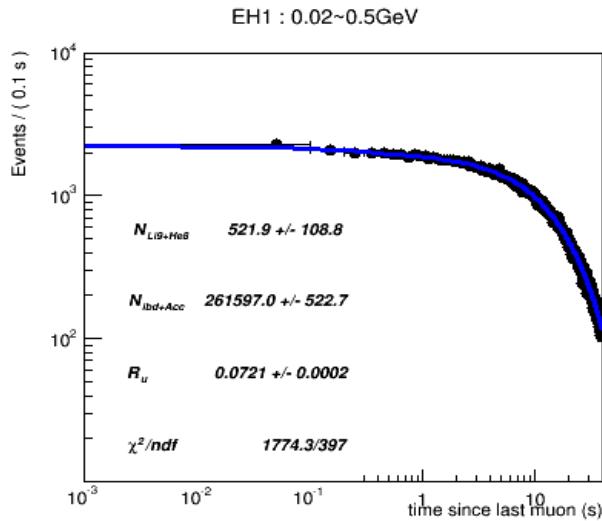
IHEP used method2

Tsinghua has 3 muon energy slices

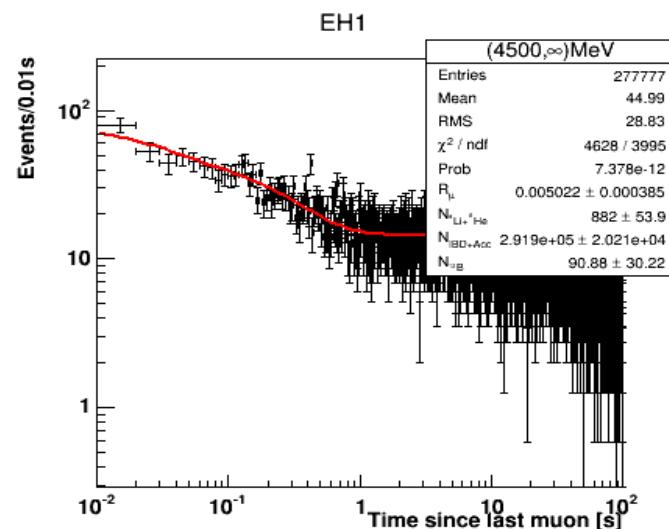
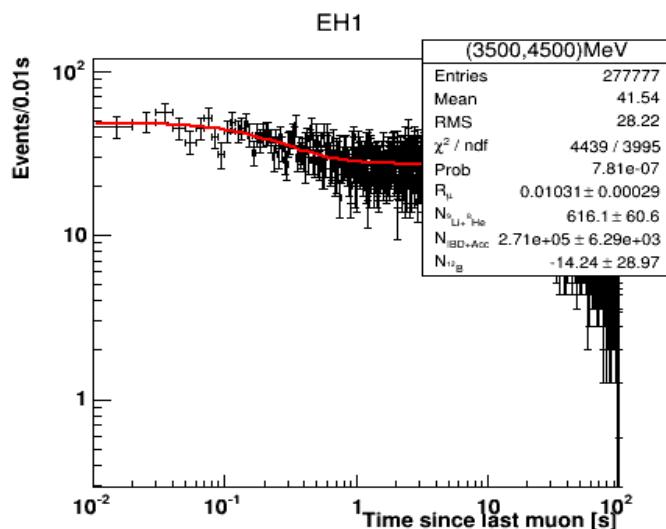
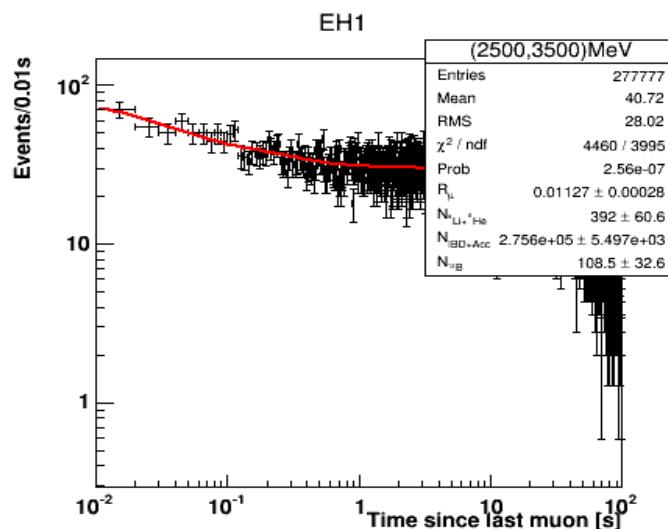
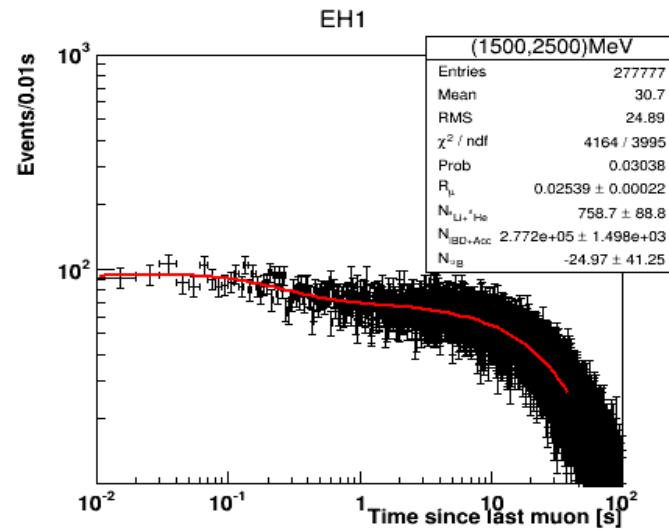
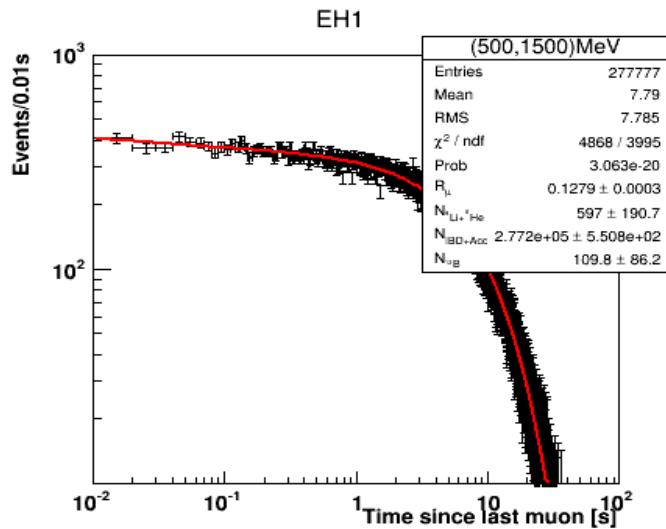
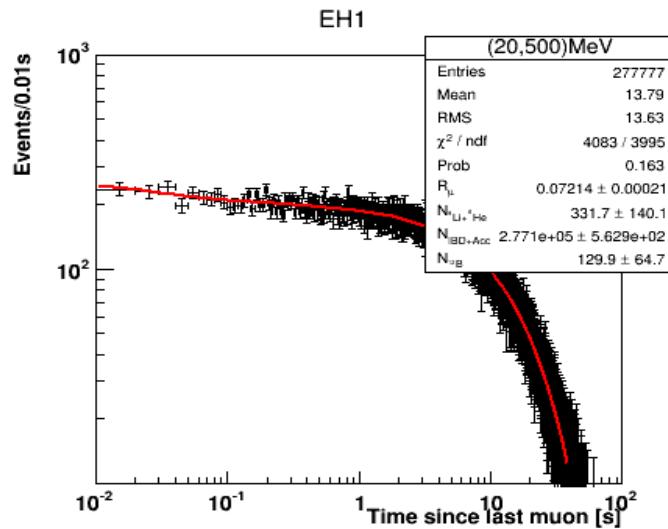
method1(DocDB10075):fitting result(EH1)



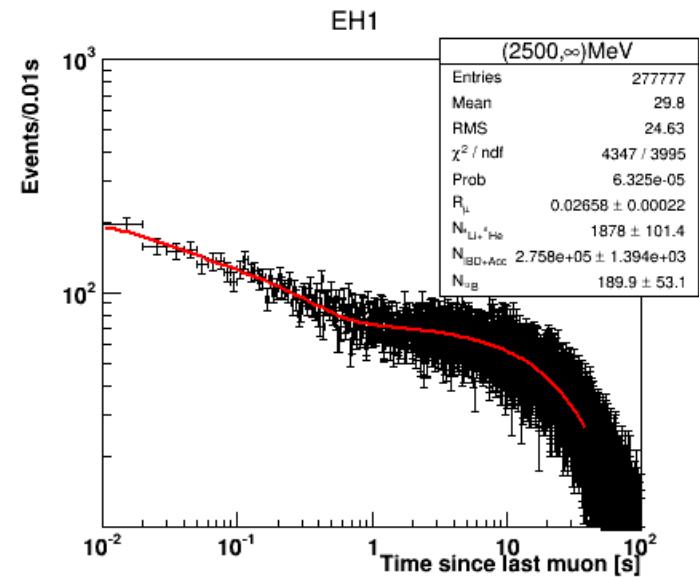
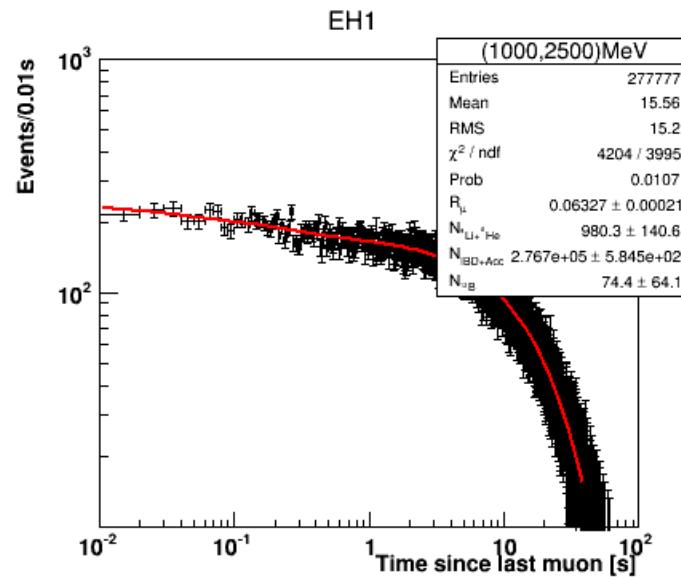
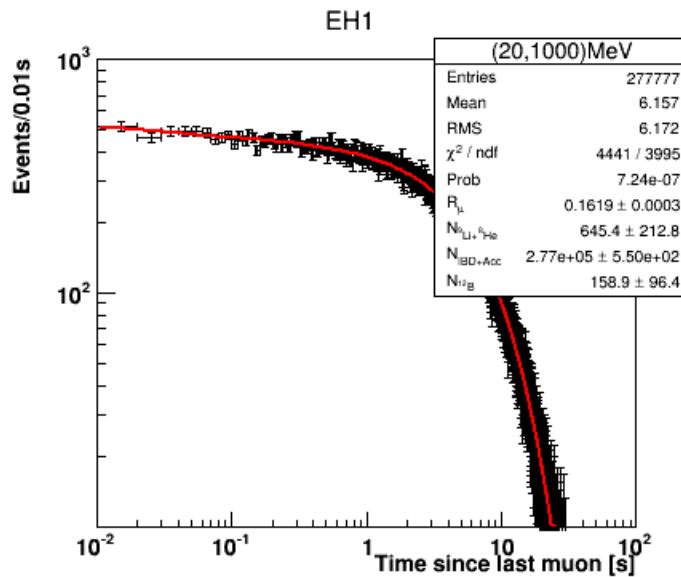
method2: fitting result(EH1)



method3: fitting result(EH1)



method4: fitting result(EH1)



Results and Comparison(EH1)

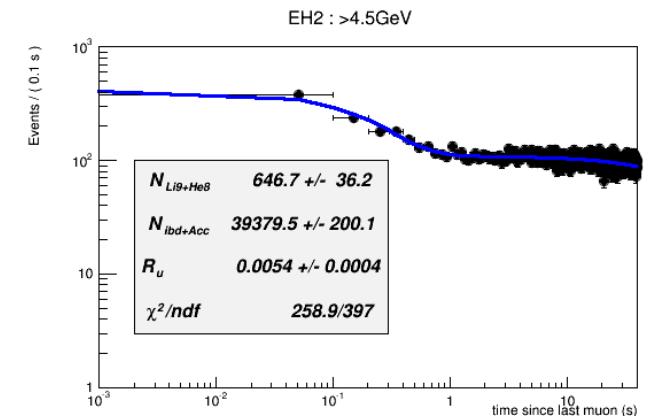
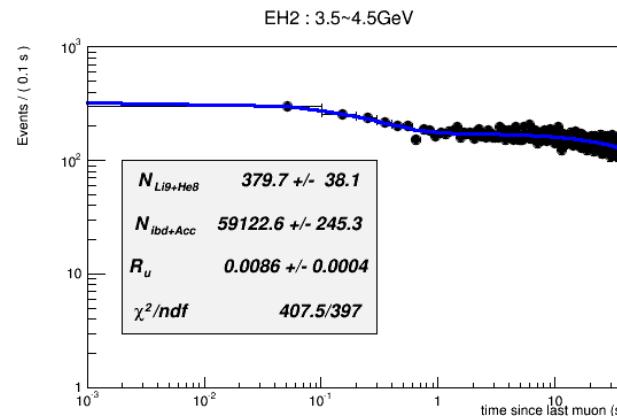
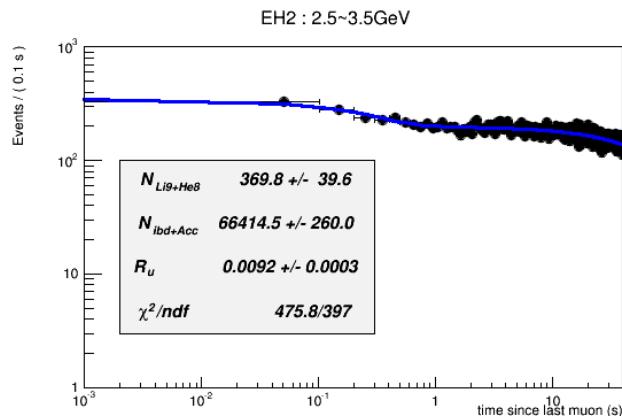
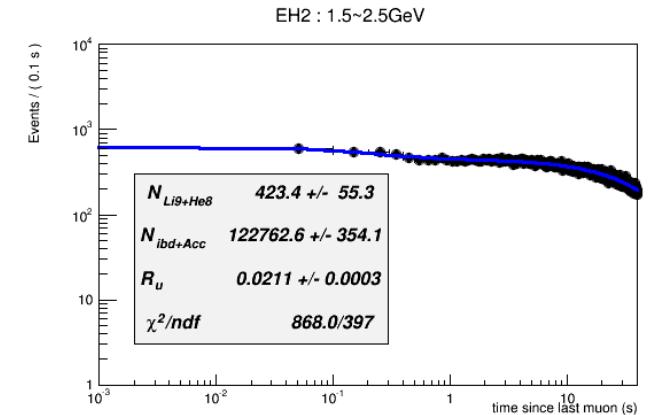
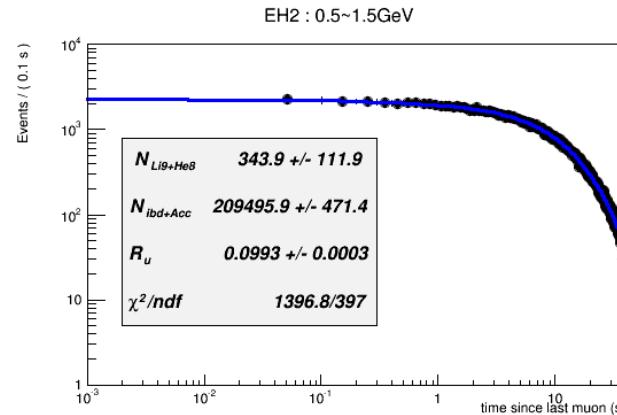
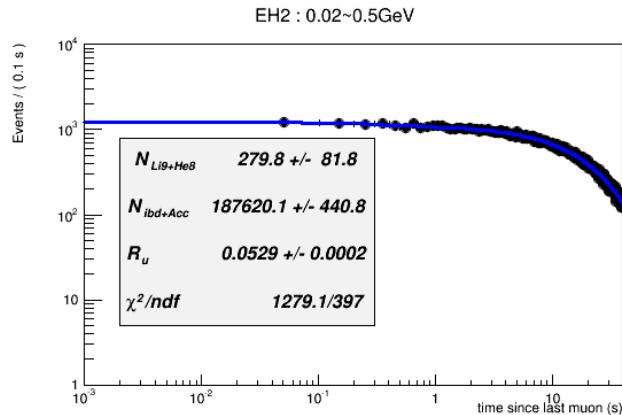
Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method1: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	497+/-116	657+/-153	709+/-71	452+/-44	578+/-48	1032+/-46
method2: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	521.9+/-108.8	604.8+/-145.5	711+/-69.7	460.3+/-43.8	582.2+/-48.2	1047+/-45.5
IHEP: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	490+/-108	525+/-144	692+/-69	447+/-43	563+/-48	1030+/-45

Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method3: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	331.7+/-140.1	597+/-190.7	758.7+/-88.8	392+/-60.6	616.1+/-60.6	882+/-53.9

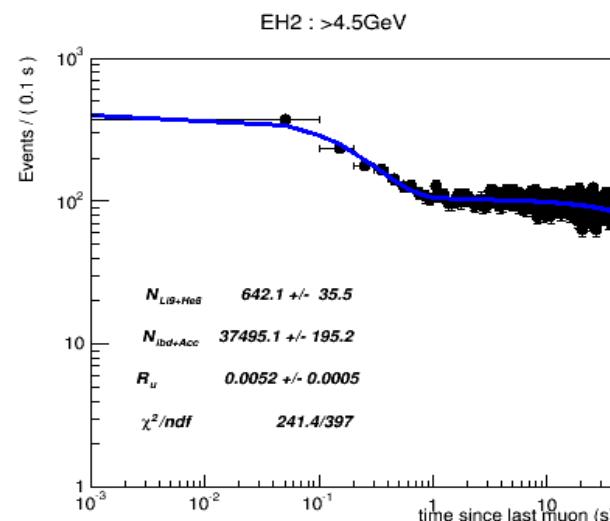
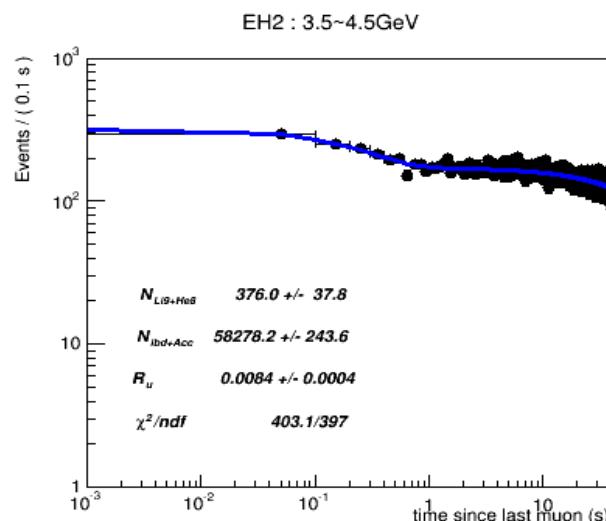
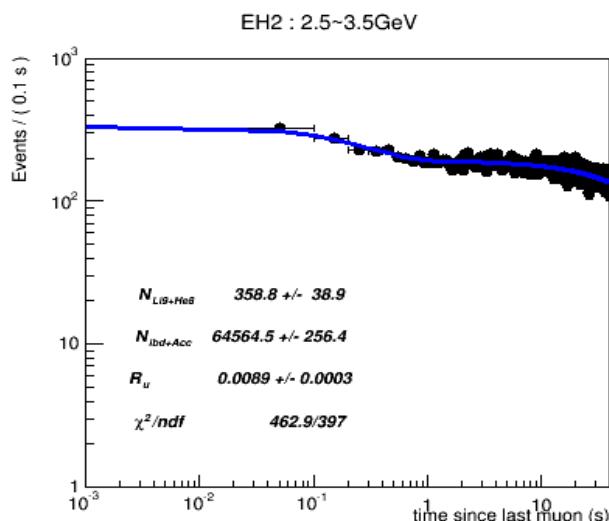
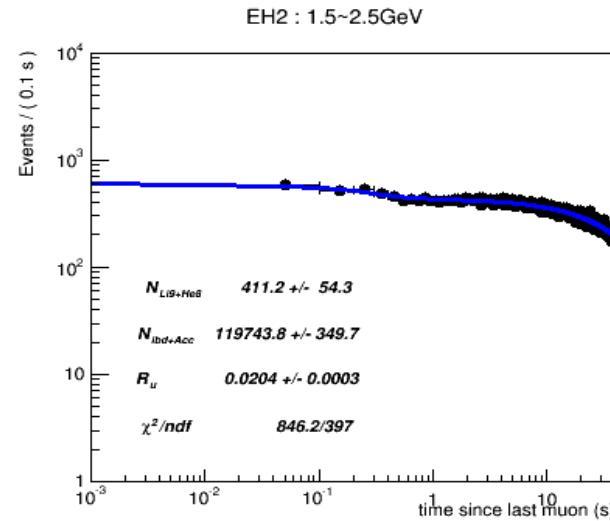
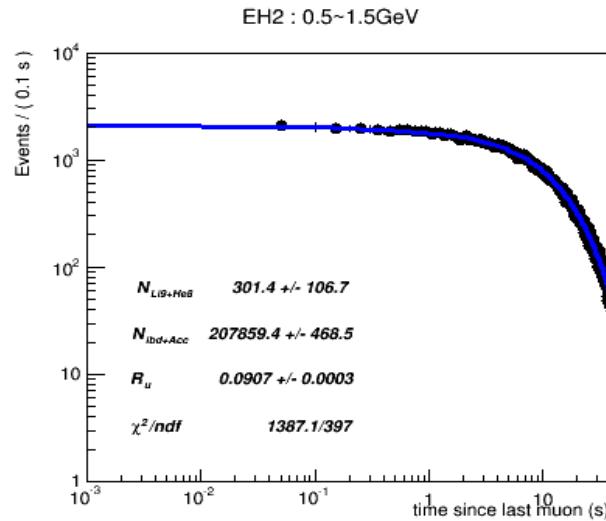
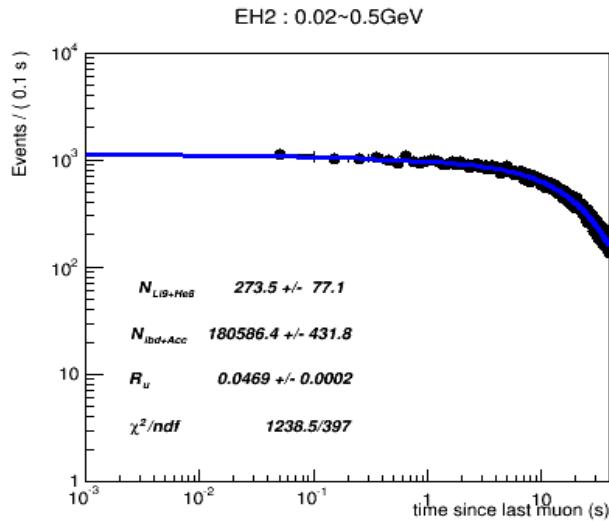
Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,1.0]	[1.0,2.5]	[2.5, ∞]
method4: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	645.4+/-212.8	980.3+/-140.6	1878+/-101.4

method2 is consistant with method1 in one σ . method 2 is also consistant with IHEP in one σ .
 method3 is consistant with method4

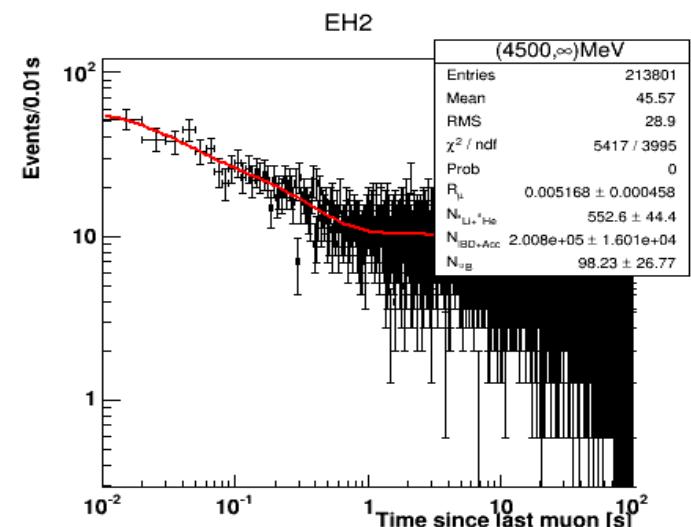
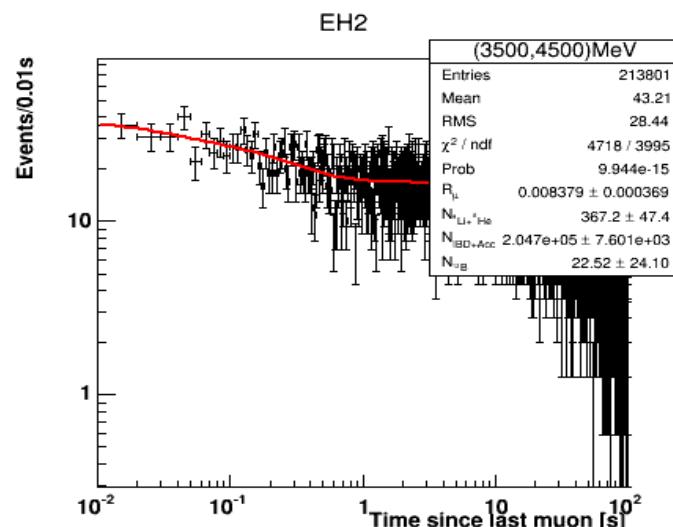
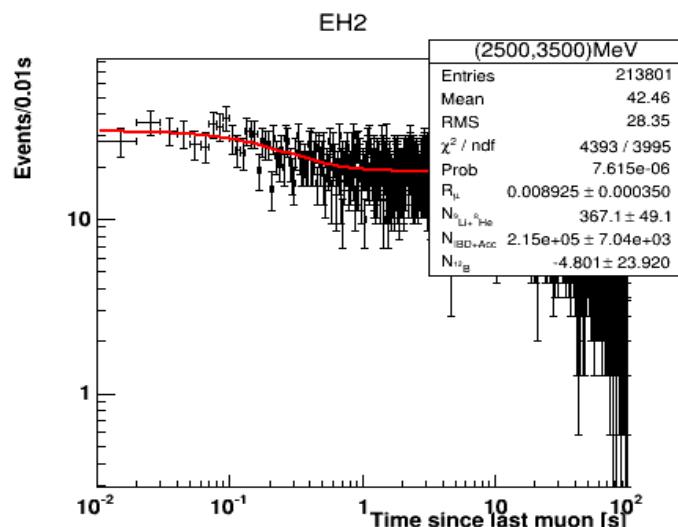
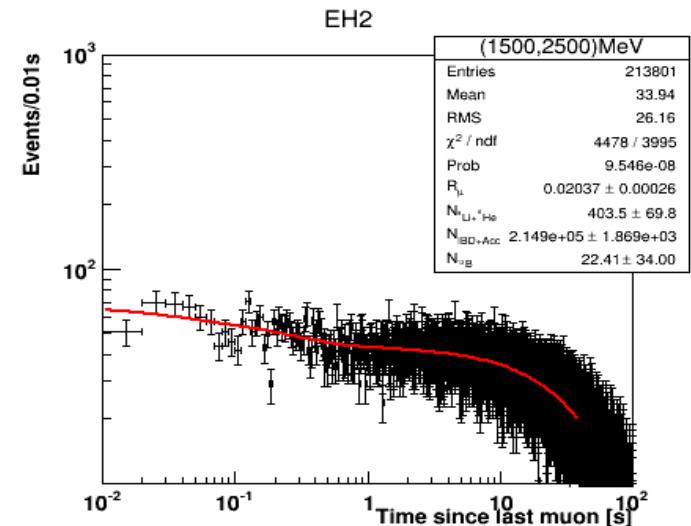
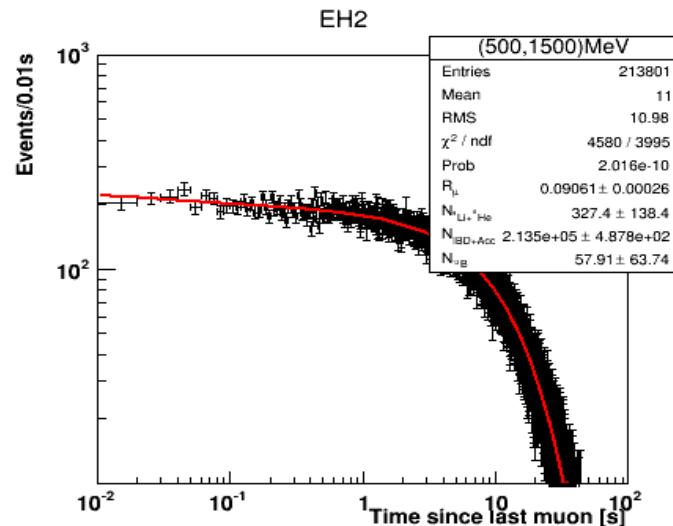
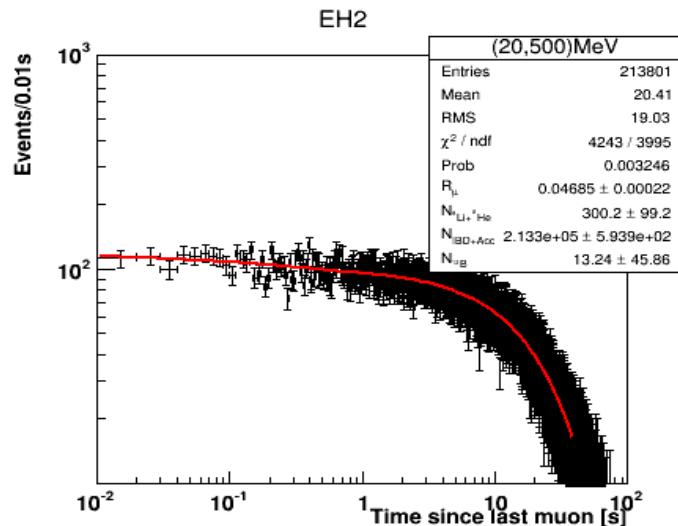
method1 (DocDB10075): fitting result(EH2)



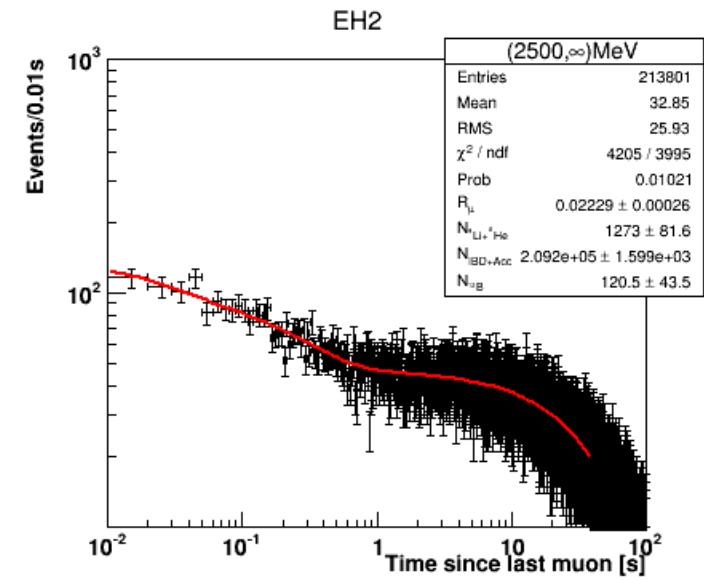
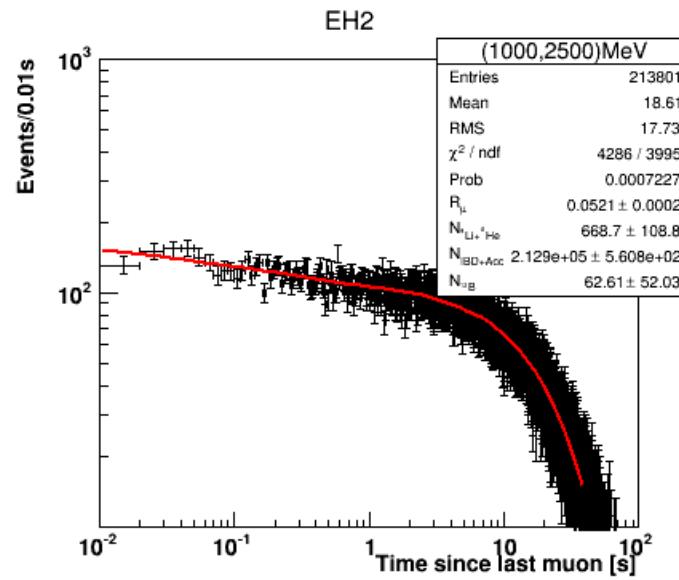
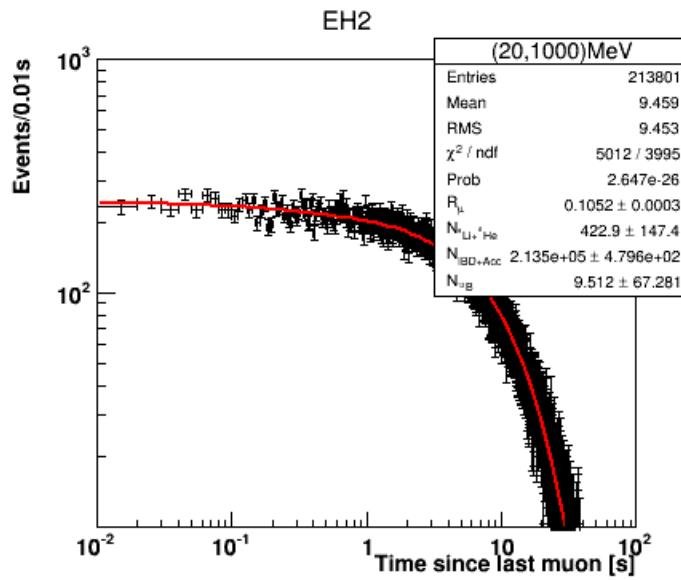
method2: fitting result(EH2)



method3: fitting result(EH2)



method4: fitting result(EH2)



Results and Comparison(EH2)

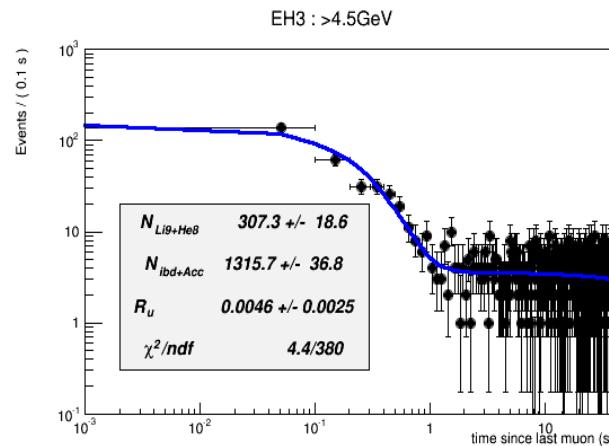
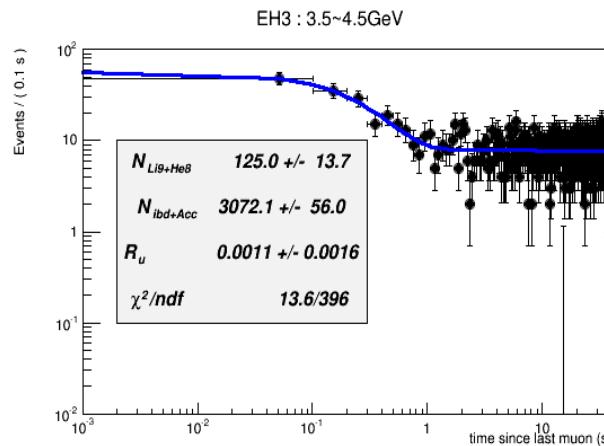
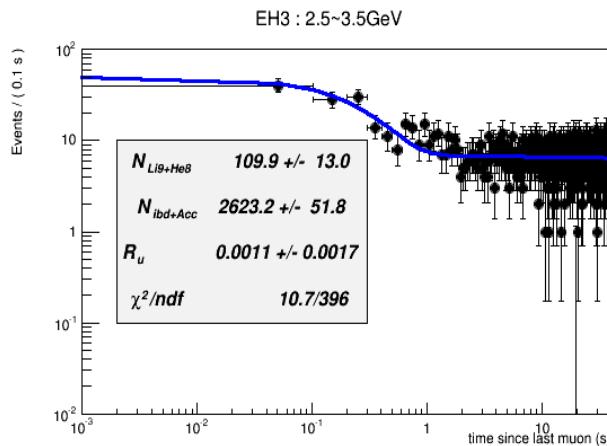
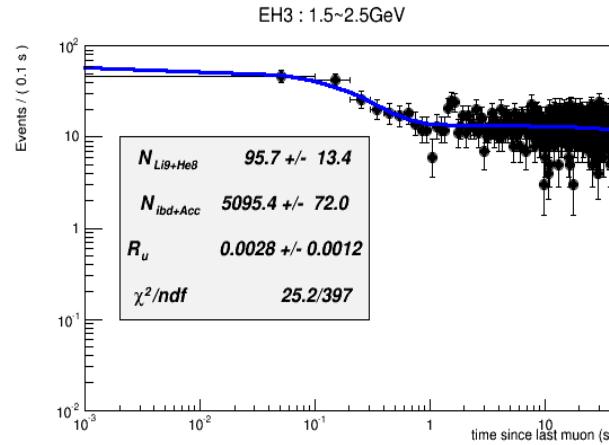
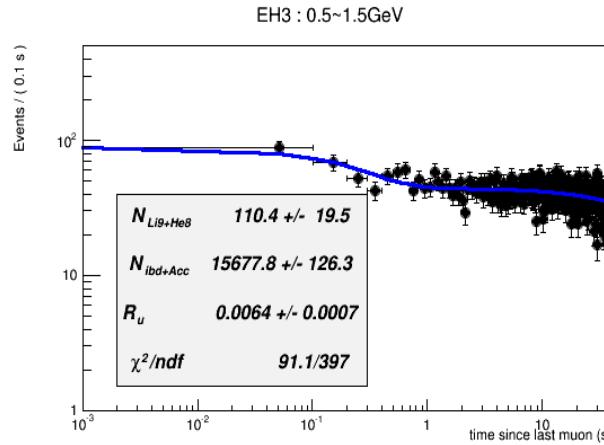
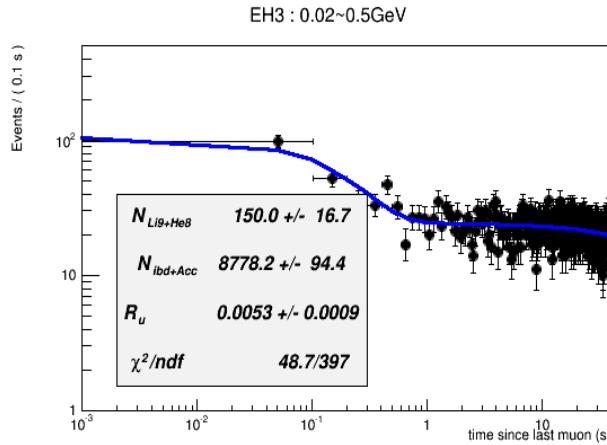
Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method1: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	280+/-82	344+/-112	423+/-55	370+/-40	380+/-38	647+/-36
method2: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	273.5+/-77.1	301.4+/-106.7	411.2+/-54.3	358.8+/-38.9	376+/-37.8	642.1+/-35.5
IHEP: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	255+/-77	285+/-106	400+/-54	354+/-39	376+/-38	637+/-35

Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method3: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	300.2+/-99.2	327.4+/-138.4	403.5+/-69.8	367.1+/-49.1	367.2+/-47.4	552.6+/-44.4

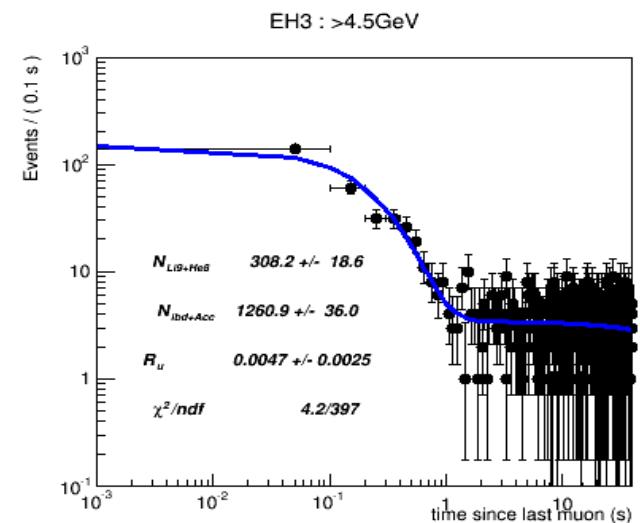
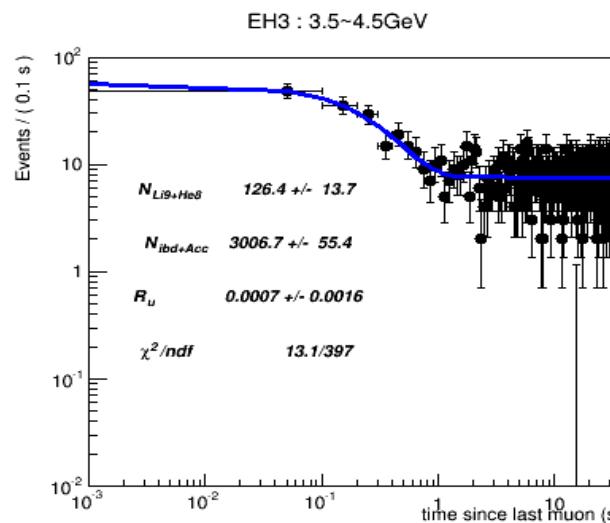
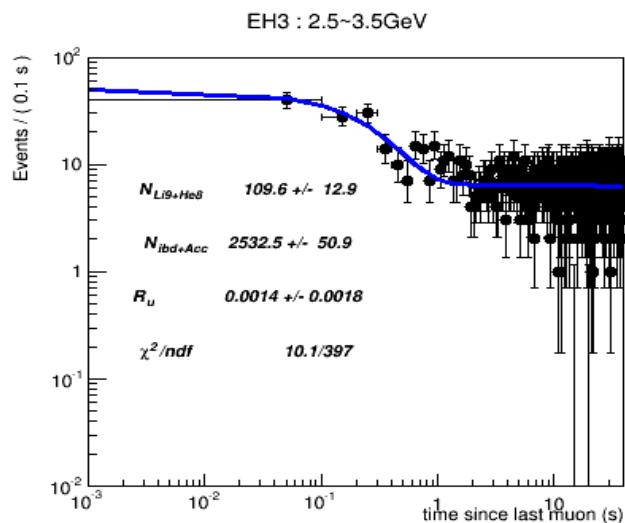
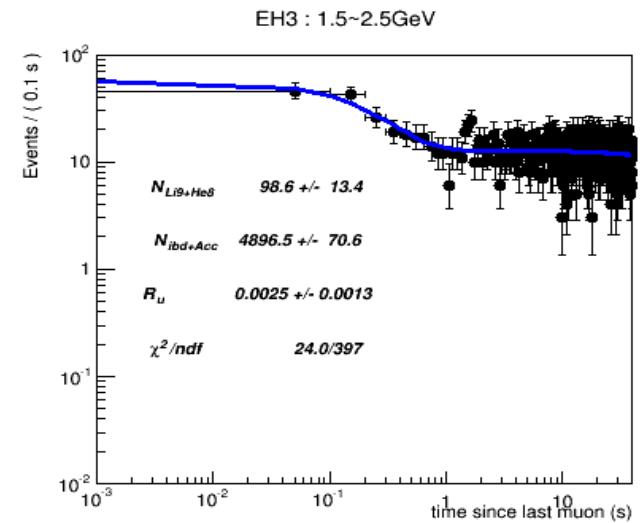
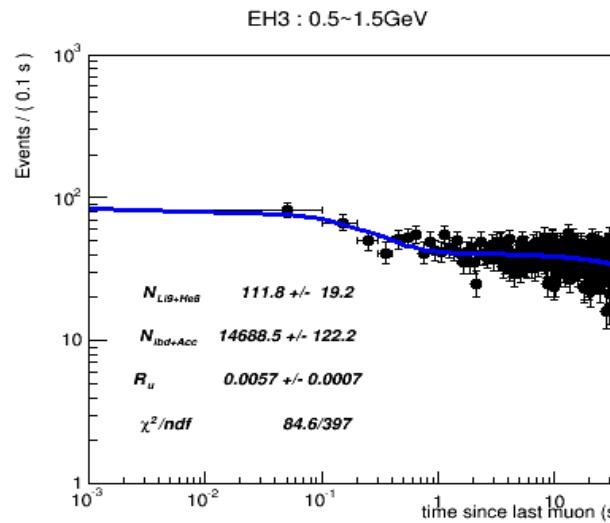
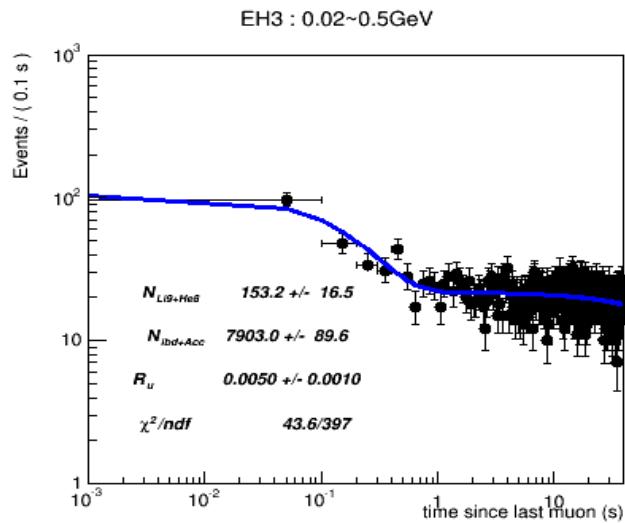
Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,1.0]	[1.0,2.5]	[2.5, ∞]
method4: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	422.9+/-147.4	668.7+/-108.8	1273+/-81.3

method2 is consistant with method1 in one σ . method 2 is also consistant with IHEP in one σ .
 method3 is consistant with method4

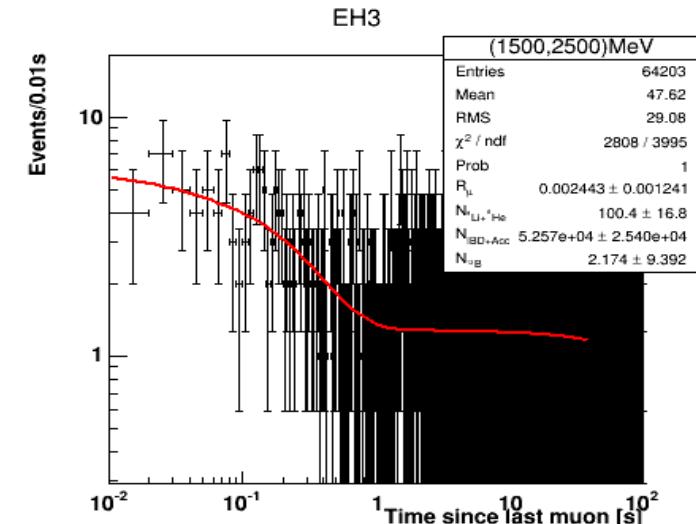
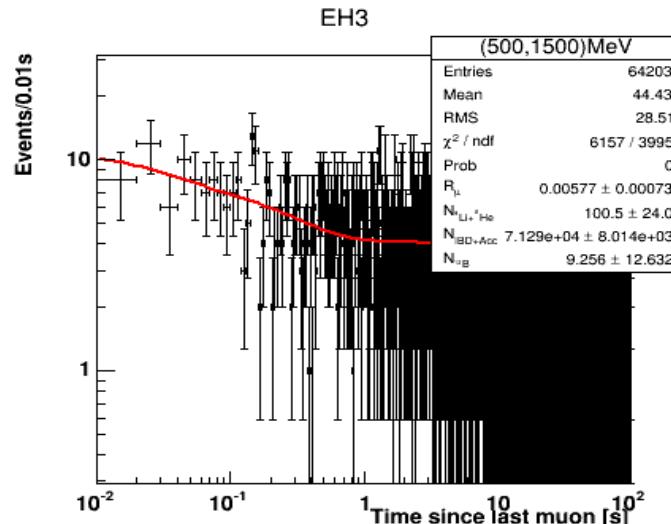
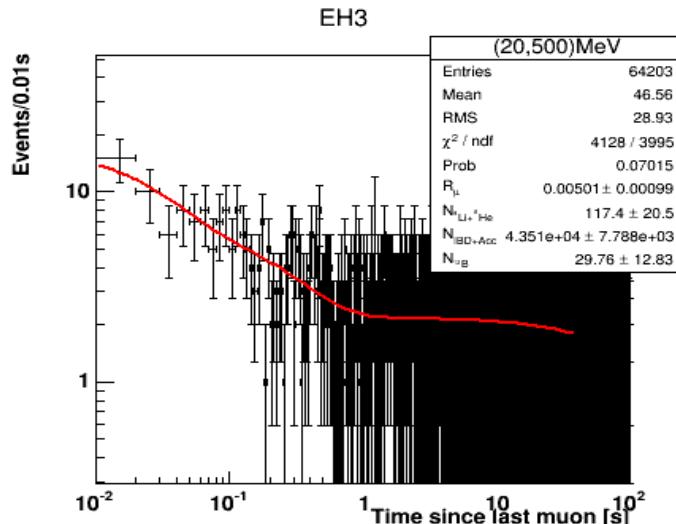
method1 (DocDB10075): fitting result(EH3)



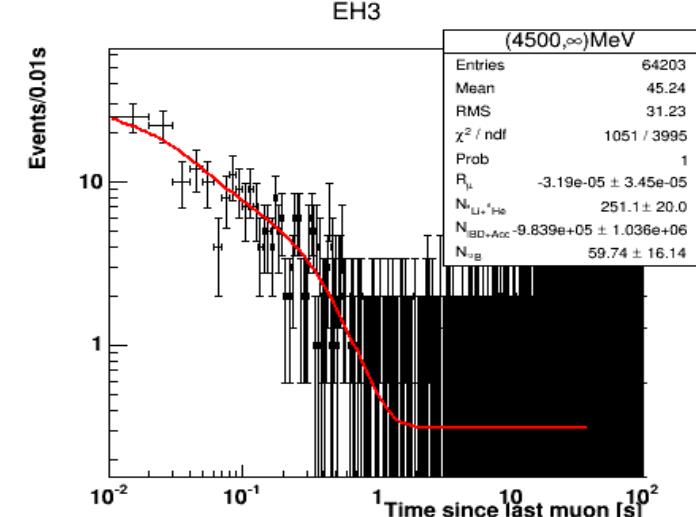
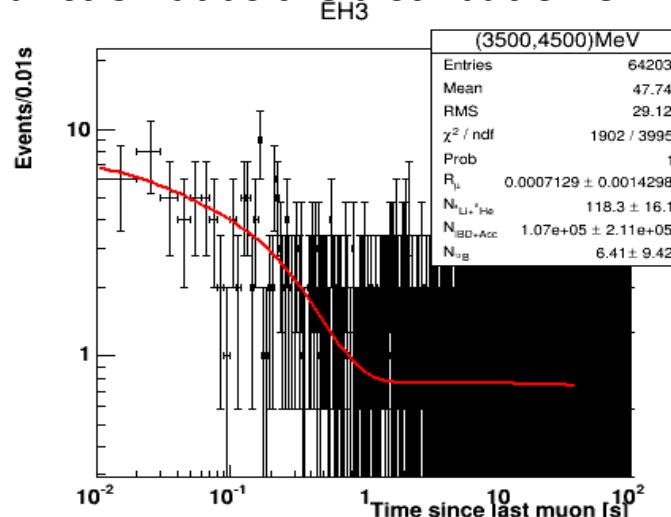
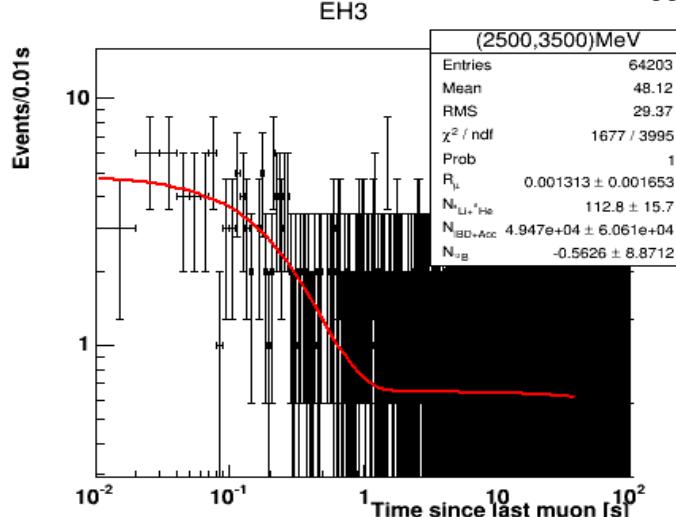
method2: fitting result(EH3)



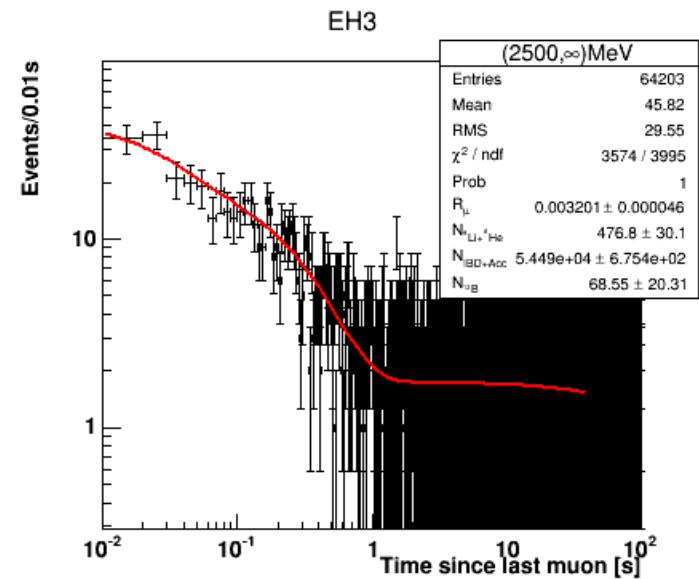
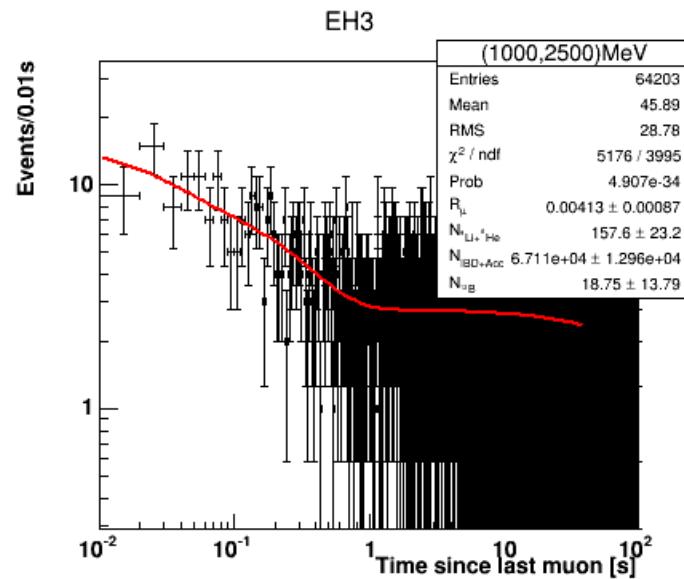
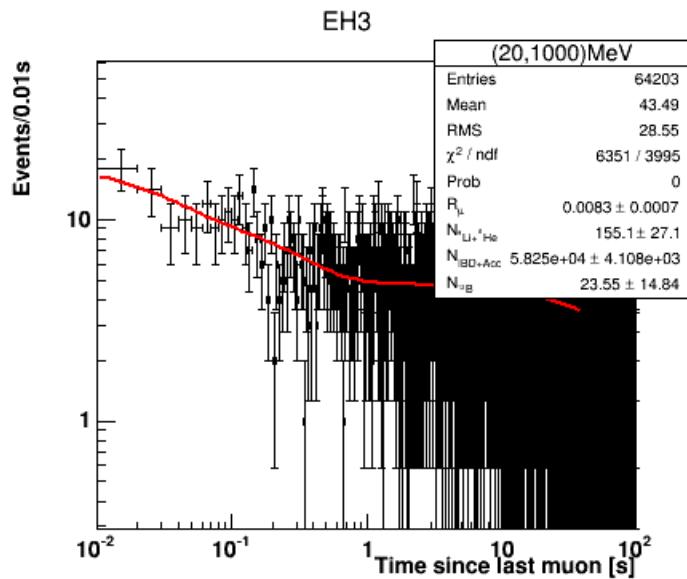
method3: fitting result(EH3)



Fitting function adds the distribution of ^{12}B



method4: fitting result(EH3)



Results and Comparison(EH3)

Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method1: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	150+/-17	110+/-20	96+/-13	110+/-13	125+/-14	307+/-19
method2: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	153.2+/-16.1	111.8+/-19.2	98.6+/-13.4	109.6+/-12.9	126.4+/-13.7	308.2+/-18.6
IHEP: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	153+/-16	110+/-19	99+/-13	108+/-13	125+/-14	307+/-19

Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,0.5]	[0.5,1.5]	[1.5,2.5]	[2.5,3.5]	[3.5,4.5]	[4.5, ∞]
method3: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	117.4+/-20.5	100.5+/-24.0	100.4+/-16.8	112.8+/-15.7	118.3+/-16.1	251.1+/-20
	318.3			482.2		

Energy interval/GeV	[0.02,1.0]	[1.0,2.5]	[2.5, ∞]
method4: $N_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$	155.1+/-27.1	157.6+/-23.2	476.8+/-30.1
	312.7		476.8

method2 is consistant with method1 in one σ . method 2 is also consistant with IHEP in one σ .
 method3 is consistant with method4

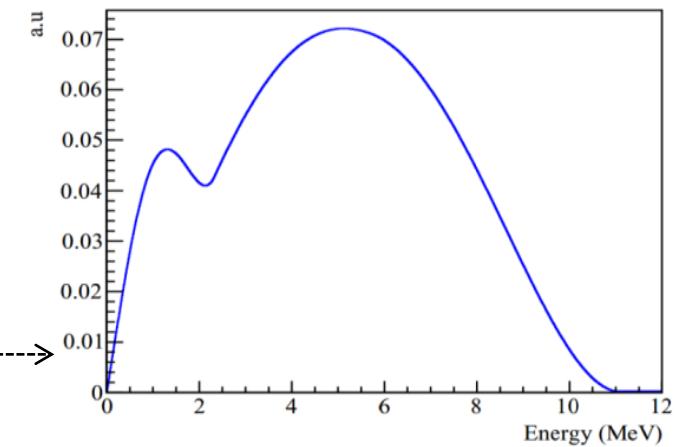
Efficiency correction and uncertainty

- **Efficiency Correction**

- 1. Shower muon veto time: $1\text{ms} \rightarrow 1\text{s}$
 - For showermuon ($>2.5\text{GeV}$), 1ms is corrected to 1s by $\epsilon_{\text{showermuon}} \sim 0.02$
- 2. Ep Cut Change: $3.5\text{MeV} \rightarrow 0.7\text{MeV}$
 - $3.5 < E_p < 12\text{MeV}$ is corrected to $0.7 < E_p < 12\text{MeV}$ by $\epsilon_e \sim 72\%$

$$\frac{P(3.5\text{MeV} < E < 12\text{MeV})}{P(0.7\text{MeV} < E < 12\text{MeV})} = \sim 72\%$$

Predicted β spectrum of the ${}^9\text{Li}$ (β -n), **Wen Liangjian**



- 3. Time Window Cut: $1\text{us} < \Delta t < 100\text{us} \rightarrow 1\text{us} < \Delta t < 200\text{us}$ by $\epsilon_t \sim 0.94$

- **Uncertainty**

- Systematic Uncertainty(IHEP nGd) **50%**

Final results and comparison

	EH1		EH2		EH3			
DAQ livetime(days)	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD8	AD4	AD5	AD5	AD6
	565.436	565.436	568.03	378.407	562.451	562.451	562.451	372.685
ϵ_μ	0.8248	0.8218	0.8575	0.8577	0.9811	0.9811	0.9808	0.9811
ϵ_m	0.9744	0.9748	0.9758	0.9756	0.9756	0.9754	0.9751	0.9758
method1: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	3.1+/-1.6		2.0+/-1.0		0.28+/-0.14			
method2: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	3.06+/-1.56		1.89+/-0.98		0.28+/-0.14			
IHEP: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	2.85+/-1.46		1.80+/-0.94		0.28+/-0.14			
method3: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	2.81+/-1.46		1.97+/-1.04		0.25+/-0.13			
method4: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	2.65+/-1.39		2.04+/-1.07		0.23+/-0.12			
Tsinghua: $R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}}$ (day)	2.55+/-0.72		1.81+/-0.48		0.20+/-0.04			

$$R_{^9\text{Li}+^8\text{He}} = \frac{N_{tot(9\text{Li}+8\text{He})}}{DAQ \cdot \epsilon_\mu \cdot \epsilon_m}$$

method1 is consistent with method2 which agrees with IHEP in one σ .

method3 is consistent with method4

Because of different estimate methods, so there is some difference in error term between method4 and Tsinghua